

Building Extraordinary Relationships

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

TOWN OF ELSMERE Elsmere, Delaware

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE

Table of Contents

Report of Independent Auditor 1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis [MD&A] Section
Basic Financial Statements Section
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statements of Net Position13
Statements of Activities 14-15
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheets-Governmental Funds16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheets of Governmental Funds to the Statements of Net Position 17
Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statements of Activities 19
Statements of Fiduciary Net Position-Pension Trust Fund [TEPPP] 20
Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position-Pension Trust Fund [TEPPP] 21
Notes to Financial Statements 22-43
Required Supplementary Information [RSI] Section
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual-General Fund
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios of the Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP]
Schedule of Pension Contributions of the Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP]
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability of the County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan [CMPFPP] 49
Schedule of Pension Contributions of the County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan [CMPFPP] 50
Supplementary Information Section
Combining Balance Sheet-Special Revenue Fund With Comparative Totals

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE

Table of Contents (Continued)

Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards

Report of Independent Auditor
on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Related Disclosures
Schedule of Findings and Responses



Building Extraordinary Relationships

Report of Independent Auditor

Mayor and Town Council Town of Elsmere Elsmere, Delaware

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Elsmere [the Town], Delaware, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Elsmere, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Elsmere and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, which raise substantial doubt about the Town of Elsmere's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Elsmere's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, which raise substantial doubt about the Town of Elsmere's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information, reflected on pages 4 through 12 and pages 44 through 46, respectively, along with the schedules of net pension liability and the schedules of pension contributions, reflected on pages 47 through 50, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Elsmere's financial statements. The supplementary information, reflected on pages 51 through 52, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2024 on our consideration of the Town of Elsmere's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Elsmere's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Elsmere's internal control over financial control control over financial control control over financial control control over financial control control

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, members of Council, others within the entity, the Office of the Governor, the Office of Controller General, Office of Attorney General, Office of Management and Budget, Secretary of Finance, Office of Auditor of Accounts, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Whisman Giordano & Associates, LLC

Newark, Delaware September 12, 2024 Management's Discussion and Analysis [MD&A] Section

INTRODUCTION

This section of the annual financial report for the Town of Elsmere [the Town] presents a narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We recommend that it be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes in order to obtain a thorough understanding of the Town's financial condition at June 30, 2023.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of this report consists of four sections:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis [MD&A] Section [this section],
- Basic Financial Statements [including notes to the basic financial statements] Section,
- Required Supplementary Information [RSI] Section, and
- Supplementary Information Section.

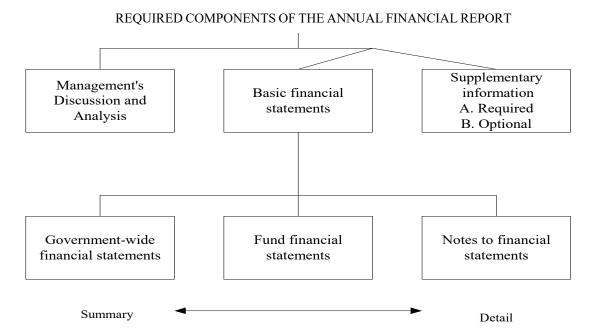
Management's discussion and analysis is a guide to reading the financial statements and provides related information to help the reader to better understand the Town government. The financial statements include notes that provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the financial data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town:

- Government-wide financial statements, the first two statements, provide information about the Town's overall financial status.
- *Fund financial statements*, the remaining statements, focus on individual parts of Town government. They provide more detail on operations than the government-wide financial statements. The Town reports on the following fund type financial statements:
 - *General fund* reflects general government services such as general services, public safety, code enforcement, public works, and parks and recreation and how these activities are financed.
 - Special revenue fund reflects resources and payments of activities derived from earmarked sources.
 - *Fiduciary fund* reflects the activity of the Town's single-employer defined-benefit pension plan.

Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Table A-1: Organization of the Town's Annual Financial Report



OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the area of activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Table A-2: Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-Wide	F	und Financial Statemen	ts
	Statements	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary
Scope	<i>y</i> 1	Day-to-day operating activities of the Town, such as public safety and courts	Activities which the Town may engage in that may be "business- like" in nature. The Town currently has no such activities.	Instances in which the Town administers resources on behalf of others.
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash Flows 	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources measurement focus		Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset and liability information	financial and capital, short-term and	Current assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter and no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term; normally these funds do not contain capital assets although they can
Type of inflows and outflows information	expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	year; regardless of when cash is received	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

The remainder of this overview explains the structure and contents of the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

- The statement of net position includes all of the Town's assets and liabilities [except fiduciary funds] with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector company.
- The statement of activities focuses on how the Town's net position changed during the year. Because it separates program revenue [revenue generated by function through charges for services, grants and contributions] from general revenue [revenue provided by property taxes and other sources not tied to a particular function], it shows to what extent each function has to rely on property taxes for funding.

All changes to net position are reported using the accrual method of accounting, which requires that revenues be reported when they are earned, and expenses be reported when the goods and/or services are received, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Net position is one way to measure the Town's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating. However, other non-financial factors such as changes in the Town's real property tax base and general economic conditions must be considered to assess the overall position of the Town.

Generally, there are two categories of activities for a primary government:

- *Governmental activities* include the Town's basic services such as general and judicial administration, public safety, code enforcement, public works, health, and welfare. Property taxes and state grants finance most of these activities.
- **Business-type activities** Activities which may be established that will charge a fee to customers to help cover the costs of goods and services to be provided. The Town does not presently have such activities.

Net position of the governmental activities differs from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources [money] are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated as it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt do not affect fund balances.

Government-wide statements are reported using an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the statement of net position:

- Capitalize current outlay for capital assets,
- Report long-term debt obligations as liabilities,
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities, when possible,
- Calculate revenue and expenses using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt obligations,
 - Restricted net position is resources with constraints placed on the use by external sources [creditors, grantors, contributors, and laws or regulations of governments] or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation, and
 - Unrestricted net position is resources that do not meet any of the above restrictions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information on the Town's funds. Funds are accounting devices, i.e., a group of related accounts, used by the Town to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. Some funds are required by state law. Other funds are established to control and manage resources designated for specific purposes. Fund financial statements are reported using current financial resources and modified accrual basis of accounting established by the Government Accounting Standards Board [GASB] for government units.

The Town can potentially have three kinds of funds:

• **Governmental funds** include most of the Town's basic services and focus on: (1) the inflows and outflows of cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted into cash, and (2) the balances left at yearend that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, and a current financial resources measurement focus. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine the financial resources available in the near future to finance the Town's activities.

The relationship between governmental activities [reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities] and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is included as part of the financial statements.

The Town adopts an annual budget for the general fund as required by Town ordinances and State law. Budgets for special revenue funds are based on a grant-by-grant basis.

- **Proprietary funds** report business-type programs and activities that charge fees designed to recover the cost of providing services. They report using full accrual accounting. The Town does not presently have such activities.
- *Fiduciary funds* are funds for which the Town is the trustee or fiduciary. These include certain agency funds or clearing accounts for assets held by the Town in its role as custodian until the funds are allocated to private parties, organizations, or government agencies to which they belong, and assets held in trust for pension benefits. The Town is responsible to ensure the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. This fiduciary activity is reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These funds are excluded from the Town's government-wide financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Position

The Town's total assets and deferred outflows are \$8.02 million at June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$3.90 million consist of capital assets, including infrastructure. Historically, infrastructure [roads, bridges, etc.] have not been reported or depreciated in governmental financial statements. Infrastructure assets have been capitalized and depreciated since fiscal year 2003.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board [GASB] requires that all capital assets, including infrastructure, to be valued and reported within the column of the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. The Town believes it has included all the required infrastructure assets in the financial statements.

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED

Year Ended June 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Net Position (continued)

Table A-3 summarizes the Town's net position for the current year and compares it to the preceding year.

Table A-3: Condensed Comparative Statement of Net Position

	Government	al Activities
	2023	2022
Current and other assets		
Current assets	\$ 3,854,310	\$ 4,877,771
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,897,886	2,984,374
Deferred outflows of resources and other	267,944	208,790
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	8,020,140	8,070,935
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	2,204,289	3,064,866
Noncurrent liabilities	2,043,840	619,199
Deferred inflows of resources and other	(337,774)	826,780
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	3,910,355	4,510,845
Net position		
Invested in capital assets	3,897,886	2,984,374
Restricted	456,426	417,925
Unrestricted (deficit)	(244,527)	157,791
Total net position	\$ 4,109,785	\$ 3,560,090

The Town has an unrestricted net position of (\$244,527), reflected above in Table A-3, to meet future operating activities. The Town is also pleased to report positive balances in total net position, both for the government as a whole as well as its separate governmental fund activities.

Change in Net Position

The Statement of Activities represents change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2023. It shows revenues by source and expenses by function for the governmental activities and for the government as a whole.

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED

Year Ended June 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Change in Net Position (continued)

Table A-4 reflects the Town's revenue by funding source and the expenses by function.

Table A-4: Statement of Change in Net Position

	Government	al Activities
	2023	2022
Revenues		
Property taxes	\$ 2,791,282	\$ 3,036,266
Franchise taxes	84,202	89,838
Investment earnings and rents	77,374	57,543
Other revenues	305,456	71,109
Total general revenues	3,258,314	3,254,756
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	523,715	688,028
Grants and contribution revenue	1,542,076	646,615
Total revenues	5,324,105	4,589,399
Expenses		
General government	920,286	1,142,797
Public safety-police	2,066,199	1,047,486
Code enforcement	283,114	271,191
Public works-streets	287,494	444,384
Public works-sanitation	693,064	669,930
Parks and recreation	124,044	75,015
Interest on long-term debt obligation	-	-
Depreciation-unallocated	400,209	434,715
Total expenses	4,774,410	4,085,518
Change in net position	\$ 549,695	\$ 503,881

Net position of the Town's governmental activities increased by \$549,695; and unrestricted net position reflects a negative balance of (\$244,527) [as reflected in Table A-3].

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Net Program Costs

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. General revenues which include property taxes, grant revenue, investment earnings and rents, and other non-program revenues must support the net cost of the Town's activities.

Table A-5 reflects the cost of program services and the net cost of those services after considering the program revenues for governmental activities.

	Program Services						
	20	023	2022				
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost			
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 920,286	\$ 905,216	\$ 1,142,797	\$ 813,727			
Public safety-police	2,066,199	1,254,374	1,047,486	525,097			
Code enforcement	283,114	(72,982)	271,191	(95,119)			
Public works-streets	287,494	100,093	444,384	327,510			
Public works-sanitation	693,064	693,064	669,930	669,930			
Parks and recreation	124,044	(571,355)	75,015	75,015			
Depreciation-unallocated	400,209	400,209	434,715	434,715			
Program services cost	\$ 4,774,410	\$ 2,708,619	\$ 4,085,518	\$ 2,750,875			

Table A-5: Program Services Cost (Benefit)

Net program services cost column indicates the amount of support required from property taxes and other general revenues for a given function of the government. In 2023, property taxes brought in \$2.79 million. The reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities is indicated by the net services cost columns which reflect the need for general support.

Property taxes are based on the assessed value of real property. Changes in the assessed valuation affect tax revenues. The changes in assessed valuation have been minimal due to the lack of a county-wide reassessment, and the lack of suitable building space within the corporate limits of the Town. The Town also receives a transfer tax of 1.50% levied on the sales price of real estate transactions occurring in the corporate limits of the Town. The transfer tax is, by law, designated to fund the operations of the Town's Public Safety Department.

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets at June 30, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation of \$4.97 million, is \$3.90 million. Capital assets consist primarily of land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets. Detailed information about the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

The Town's long-term debt obligation generally consists of only compensated absences.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. Governmental funds are presented before incorporating accounting changes required by GASB Statement No. 34. Therefore, some amounts will be different in the fund statements than the government-wide statements; these differences are explained within the body of the financial statements.

The Town's governmental funds include the general fund and special revenue funds. The general fund is the operating fund of the Town and special revenue funds are restricted to specific legislated use. The major funds are shown on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Balances

The ending fund balances for the governmental funds at June 30, 2023 are shown in the balance sheet of the accompanying financial statements. The Town's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1.54 million and \$1.70 million at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Of the total, \$0.45 million and \$0.77 million, respectively, in unassigned fund balance, is available to meet the Town's current and future needs. The remaining amount is either nonspendable, assigned, committed, or restricted as to use, and not available for use in meeting the Town's current and future needs.

The general fund is the operating fund of the Town. At June 30, 2023, the total fund balance of the general fund is \$1.31 million, which decreased by \$0.20 million from the fund balance of the preceding year. The decrease is due to a number of factors, but primarily from decreases in property transfer tax revenues, police fines and court fees, an increase in capital outlay and ARPA expenditures, offset by increases in intergovernmental (Federal) grants.

Governmental Fund Revenues

Governmental fund revenues by source for the year ended June 30, 2023 are shown in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of the financial statements. Governmental fund revenues totaled \$5.32 million and \$4.57 million for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The comparison data is presented in the accompanying fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

Governmental fund expenditures by function for the year ended June 30, 2023 are shown in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances of the accompanying financial statements. Governmental fund expenditures totaled \$5.49 million and \$4.30 million for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The comparison data is presented in the accompanying fund financial statements.

Budgetary Highlights

The Town Council revises the budget on an as-needed basis. There are two kinds of revisions:

- Allocations are made to specific line items from other line items or from contingency funds established in the budget.
- New appropriations are budgeted when received, and the anticipated related expenditure is budgeted at the same time.

Because the Town is reliant on the State of Delaware and from time to time the federal government for grant funds, it is difficult to know what grants will be forthcoming to the Town. Many revenue variances are due to budgeting for grants not received. Other revenue variances are based on revenue received, but not anticipated during the budgeting process.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Economic Conditions

Due to increases in the sale prices of homes, less homes were sold during the year, which resulted in a decrease in transfer taxes for the Town for the year ended June 30, 2023. Due to fluctuation of current sale prices of homes, revenues from transfer taxes are considered unpredictable.

Market Impact on Investment Income

The State restricts the Town's investments to government secured funds and certificates of deposit. The Town has been responsive to the changing financial environment, monitors rates, and currently invests most of its funds in accounts which are yielding a higher interest rate. Management monitors the changing rate environment to maximize the investment earnings of the Town's funds.

Government Funding

The Town relies on federal and state funding for certain capital projects. As federal and state funding becomes available for projects, the Town will take the necessary steps to apply for those funds.

The Town Council did not change the property tax rate [millage] for fiscal 2023 and 2022.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability. Questions concerning this financial information or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Town of Elsmere Office of Finance 11 Poplar Street Elsmere, DE 19805

Phone: 302-998-2215

Email: smartin@townofelsmere.com

Basic Financial Statements Section

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
	Primary	Primary
	Government	Government
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 3,658,919	\$4,613,975
Receivables, net of allowances:		
Property taxes	99,492	87,317
Other	10,316	54,831
Lease receivable	53,075	55,198
Due from other governments	6,300	7,080
Prepayments and other assets	26,208	59,370
Total current assets	3,854,310	4,877,771
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets, net of depreciation:		
Nondepreciable	1,174,928	430,251
Depreciable	2,722,958	2,554,123
Lease receivable, net of current	_	53,075
Total noncurrent assets	3,897,886	3,037,449
TOTAL ASSETS	7,752,196	7,915,220
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred contributions and changes		
in proportion related to pension		
activity	267,944	155,715
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and other	73,783	138,578
Deferred lease revenue	53,075	55,198
Refundable advances	2,077,431	2,871,090
Total current liabilities	2,204,289	3,064,866
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences liability	118,068	100,588
Deferred lease revenue, net of current	-	53,075
Net pension liability	1,925,772	465,536
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,043,840	619,199
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,248,129	3,684,065
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred investment earnings related to pension activity	(337,774)	976 790
related to pension activity	(337,774)	826,780
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	3,897,886	2,984,374
Restricted for:		
Specific programs	229,773	191,459
Contingency reserve	226,653	226,466
	1,075,527	1,294,392
Unrestricted		
Unrestricted Pension commitment	(1,320,054)	(1,136,601)

					Net (Expense) Revenue and	
					Changes in Net	
					Position	
					Governmental	
			Program Revenue		Activities	
		Charges for		Contributions	Primary	
Functions	Expenses	Services	Operating	Capital	Government	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
General government:						
Administration	\$ 505,661	\$ -	\$ 5,950	\$ 9,120	\$ (490,591)	
Finance office	324,583	-	-	-	(324,583)	
Council	12,497	-	-	-	(12,497)	
Legal services	77,545	-	-	-	(77,545)	
Public safety-police	2,066,199	167,619	398,697	245,509	(1,254,374)	
Code enforcement	283,114	356,096	-	-	72,982	
Public works-streets	287,494	-	115,422	71,979	(100,093)	
Public works-sanitation	693,064	-	-	-	(693,064)	
Parks and recreation	124,044	-	-	695,399	571,355	
Depreciation-unallocated	400,209				(400,209)	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 4,774,410	\$ 523,715	\$ 520,069	\$1,022,007	(2,708,619)	

GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS

Property taxes levied for general purposes Franchise taxes levied for general purposes Investment earnings and rents	2,791,282 84,202 77,374
Miscellaneous revenues	305,456
Transfers between governmental activities	 -
Total general revenues and transfers	3,258,314
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	 549,695
NET POSITION	
Beginning of year	 3,560,090
End of year	\$ 4,109,785

			rogram Revenue		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities	
Functions	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and C Operating	Capital	Primary Government	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General government: Administration Finance office Council	\$ 780,711 304,208 12,538	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 329,070 - -	\$ (451,641) (304,208) (12,538)	
Legal services Public safety-police	45,340 1,047,486	- 321,718	- 200,632	- 39	(45,340) (525,097)	
Code enforcement Public works-streets Public works-sanitation Parks and recreation Depreciation-unallocated	271,191 444,384 669,930 75,015 434,715	366,310 - - - -	 116,874 _	- - - -	95,119 (327,510) (669,930) (75,015) (434,715)	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 4,085,518	\$ 688,028	\$ 317,506	\$ 329,109	(2,750,875)	

GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS

Property taxes levied for general purposes Franchise taxes levied for general purposes Investment earnings and rents	3,036,266 89,838 57,543
Miscellaneous revenues	71,109
Transfers between governmental activities	-
Total general revenues and transfers	 3,254,756
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	 503,881
NET POSITION	
Beginning of year	 3,056,209
End of year	\$ 3,560,090

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE BALANCE SHEETS-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023			2022		
	Gove	rnmental Fund T	Types	Governmental Fund Types			
		Special			Special		
	General	Revenue	Totals	General	Revenue	Totals	
ASSETS							
ASSETS							
Cash and equivalents	\$3,352,596	\$ 306,323	\$3,658,919	\$4,300,290	\$ 313,685	\$4,613,975	
Receivables, net of allowance:							
Property taxes	99,492	-	99,492	87,317	-	87,317	
Other	10,316	-	10,316	54,831	-	54,831	
Due from other governments	-	6,300	6,300	-	7,080	7,080	
Prepayments and other assets	26,208	-	26,208	59,370	-	59,370	
Interfund receivable (payable)	(443,149)	443,149	_	(154,881)	154,881		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,045,463	\$ 755,772	\$3,801,235	\$4,346,927	\$ 475,646	\$4,822,573	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and other	\$73,783	\$ -	\$ 73,783	\$ 138,578	\$ -	\$ 138,578	
Unearned revenues	45,567	-	45,567	39,567	-	39,567	
Refundable advances	1,551,432	525,999	2,077,431	2,586,903	284,187	2,871,090	
Total liabilities	1,670,782	525,999	2,196,781	2,765,048	284,187	3,049,235	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	69,435		69,435	69,435	_	69,435	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable-prepayments and other assets	26,208	-	26,208	59,370	-	59,370	
Restricted-specific programs	-	229,773	229,773	-	191,459	191,459	
Committed-contingency reserve	226,653	-	226,653	226,466	-	226,466	
Assigned-long-term planning	606,298	-	606,298	460,661	-	460,661	
Assigned-encumbrances	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Unassigned	446,087	-	446,087	765,947	-	765,947	
Total fund balances	1,305,246	229,773	1,535,019	1,512,444	191,459	1,703,903	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$3,045,463	\$ 755,772	\$3,801,235	\$4,346,927	\$ 475,646	\$4,822,573	

	2023	2022
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances-governmental funds	\$ 1,535,019	\$ 1,703,903
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is \$8,863,663 and \$7,549,942 and the related accumulated depreciation is \$4,965,777 and \$4,565,568 for the periods presented.	3,897,886	2,984,374
Property taxes receivable that will not be collected for the period presented and are not available soon enough to pay current expenditures, and are therefore deferred in the fund financial statements.	69,435	69,435
Other receivables that will not be collected for period presented and are not available soon enough to pay current expenditures, and are therefore reflected as unearned revenues in the fund financial statements.	45,567	39,567
Compensated absences not due and payable within period presented are not reported in the governmental funds.	(118,068)	(100,588)
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial		
Net pension liability	(1,925,772)	(465,536)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension activity are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension activity of \$267,944 and \$155,715 consists of \$103,366 and \$24,857 of deferred outflows of resources pension expense and \$164,578 and \$130,858 of deferred outflows of 2023 and 2022 employer contributions related to the pension activity.	267,944	155,715
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	337,774	(826,780)
Total net position-governmental activities	\$ 4,109,785	\$ 3,560,090

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023			2022	
	Gove	rnmental Fund T	ypes	Gove	rnmental Fund T	ypes
		Special	* *		Special	
	General	Revenue	Totals	General	Revenue	Totals
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property taxes	\$2,481,121	\$ -	\$2,481,121	\$2,467,095	\$ -	\$2,467,095
Property transfer taxes	310,161	-	310,161	564,008	-	564,008
Cable franchise taxes	84,202	-	84,202	89,838	-	89,838
Licenses and permits	356,096	-	356,096	366,310	-	366,310
Intergovernmental revenues-Federal	1,035,471	105,801	1,141,272	329,070	40,917	369,987
Intergovernmental revenues-State and Local	33,567	367,237	400,804	67,028	209,600	276,628
Police fines and court fees	160,924	-	160,924	307,833	-	307,833
Charges for services-extra duty	6,695	-	6,695	13,885	-	13,885
Interest and rents	77,360	14	77,374	57,542	1	57,543
Miscellaneous revenues	299,456	-	299,456	59,356	-	59,356
Total revenues	4,845,053	473,052	5,318,105	4,321,965	250,518	4,572,483
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government:						
Administration	514,064		514,064	784,271		784,271
Finance office	317,057		317,057	300,123		300,123
Council	12,497	-	12,497	12,538	-	12,538
Legal services and related costs	77,545		77,545	45,340		45,340
Public safety-police	1,525,665	338,166	1,863,831	45,340	135,529	45,340
Public safety-extra duty	6,240	-	6,240	13,455	-	13,455
Code enforcement	277,568	-	277,568	266,557	_	266,557
Public works-streets	426,038	98,392	524,430	337,737	83,933	421,670
Public works-screets	693,064	90,392	693,064	669,930	-	669,930
Parks and recreation	124,044	-	124,044	75,015	-	75,015
Capital outlay	1,076,649	_	1,076,649	58,958	- 39	58,997
Total expenditures	5,050,431	436,558	5,486,989	4,081,371	219,501	4,300,872
EXCESS (DEFICIT) REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(205,378)	36,494	(168,884)	240,594	31,017	271,611
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Refund of prior years expenditures	-	-	-	11,568	-	11,568
Transfer to Component Unit	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in (out)	(1,820)	1,820		(1,925)	1,925	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,820)	1,820		9,643	1,925	11,568
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(207,198)	38,314	(168,884)	250,237	32,942	283,179
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year	1,512,444	191,459	1,703,903	1,262,207	158,517	1,420,724
End of year	\$1,305,246	\$ 229,773	\$1,535,019	\$1,512,444	\$ 191,459	\$1,703,903

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

			2023	2022
ints reported for the governmental activities	in the statement	of activities		
different because:				
change in fund balance-total government funds			\$ (168,884)	\$ 283,17
The governmental funds report capital outlays				
the government-wide financial statements, ca individual cost of \$2,500 or more are capital				
over their estimated useful lives and reported				
following represents the amount by which capit				
or is less than the depreciation expense for t				
Description	2023	2022		
Capital assets	\$ 1,313,721	\$ 36,732		
Depreciation expense	(400,209)	(434,715)	913,512	(397,9
Some expenses reported in the statement of act	ivities do not ~	equire current		
financial resources, and are therefore, not r				
governmental funds.				
Because some property taxes and other reven				
several months after the Town's year er				
"unavailable" revenues in the governmental fu	unds. Deferred r	revenues and/or		
			C 000	
inflows increased (decreased) by this amount. The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte	d as an expendit cnmental funds wi	ure. Interest hen it is due.	6,000	5,3
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover	d as an expendit rnmental funds wh erest expense is e. The net ef:	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these	6,000	5,3
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob:	d as an expendit rnmental funds wh erest expense is e. The net ef:	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these	6,000	5,3
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term obl as follows: Description	d as an expendit rnmental funds w erest expense is e. The net ef: ligations and re 2023	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022	6,000	5,3
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term obl as follows: Description Financing proceeds received	d as an expendit rnmental funds w erest expense is e. The net ef: ligations and re	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is	6,000	
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term obl as follows: Description	d as an expendit rnmental funds w erest expense is e. The net ef: ligations and re 2023	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022	6,000	- 5
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term obl as follows: Description Financing proceeds received	d as an expendit rnmental funds w erest expense is a. The net ef: ligations and re 2023 \$ - -	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - -	-	- 5 -
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made	d as an expendit rnmental funds wi erest expense is a. The net efficiency ligations and re 2023 \$ - 	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - 	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term obl as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu	d as an expendit rnmental funds wi erest expense is e. The net ef: ligations and re 2023 \$ - - operating expe days] are measur unds, however, ex	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts rependitures for	6,000	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term oble as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental for these items are measured by the amount of	d as an expendit rnmental funds wi erest expense is a. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expendays] are measurunds, however, expendence of the second	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts rependitures for esources used.	6,000	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte- it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu- these items are measured by the amount of This amount represents the difference between	d as an expendit rnmental funds wi erest expense is a. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expendays] are measurunds, however, expendence of the second	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts rependitures for esources used.	-	_
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term oble as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental for these items are measured by the amount of	d as an expendit rnmental funds wi erest expense is e. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expendays] are measurunds, however, ex- the financial re	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts rependitures for esources used.	6,000 - (17,480)	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte- it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu- these items are measured by the amount of This amount represents the difference between	d as an expendit rnmental funds wi erest expense is a. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expendays] are measur unds, however, ex- the financial re en the amount us	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts apenditures for esources used. sed versus the	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term oble as follows:	d as an expendit rmmental funds wi erest expense is e. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - 	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts apenditures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures.	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows:	d as an expendit rmmental funds wi erest expense is e. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expe days] are measur unds, however, ex the financial r en the amount us contributions as cost of pension b	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts apenditures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures.	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows:	d as an expendit rmmental funds wi erest expense is e. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expe days] are measur unds, however, ex the financial r en the amount us contributions as cost of pension b	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mises such as red by amounts openditures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures. penefits earned	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows:	d as an expendit rmmental funds wi erest expense is e. The net eff ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expe days] are measur unds, however, ex the financial r en the amount us contributions as cost of pension b	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mses such as red by amounts apenditures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures.	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the govern However, in the statement of activities, inter- it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu- these items are measured by the amount of This amount represents the difference between amount earned for the periods presented. The governmental funds report Town pension of However, in the statement of activities, the of net of employee contributions is reported as p Description	d as an expendit rmmental funds wh erest expense is e. The net effi- ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expen- days] are measure unds, however, ex- the financial re- en the amount us contributions as cost of pension hopension expense.	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - mises such as red by amounts openditures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures. penefits earned	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu- these items are measured by the amount of This amount represents the difference between amount earned for the periods presented. The governmental funds report Town pension of However, in the statement of activities, the of net of employee contributions is reported as p Description Town pension contributions for	d as an expendit rmmental funds wherest expense is e. The net efficiency of the second	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - enses such as red by amounts rependitures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures. penefits earned 2022	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu- these items are measured by the amount of This amount represents the difference between amount earned for the periods presented. The governmental funds report Town pension of However, in the statement of activities, the of net of employee contributions is reported as p Description Town pension contributions for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022	d as an expendit rnmental funds wi erest expense is a. The net effi- ligations and re 2023 \$ - operating expending days] are measur unds, however, ex- the financial re- en the amount us contributions as cost of pension k- pension expense. 2023	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - enses such as red by amounts rependitures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures. penefits earned 2022	-	5,3, - (2,5)
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu- these items are measured by the amount of This amount represents the difference between amount earned for the periods presented. The governmental funds report Town pension of However, in the statement of activities, the of net of employee contributions is reported as p Description Town pension contributions for	d as an expendit rmmental funds wherest expense is e. The net efficiency of the second	ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - enses such as red by amounts rependitures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures. penefits earned 2022	-	-
The governmental funds report loan proceeds while repayment of loan principal is reported is recognized as an expenditure in the gover However, in the statement of activities, inte it accrues, regardless or when it is due differences in the treatment of long-term ob- as follows: Description Financing proceeds received Principal payments made In the statement of activities, certain compensated absences [vacation and personal earned for the period. In the governmental fu- these items are measured by the amount of This amount represents the difference between amount earned for the periods presented. The governmental funds report Town pension of However, in the statement of activities, the of net of employee contributions is reported as p Description Town pension contributions for the fiscal years 2023 and 2022 Cost of benefits earned net of	d as an expendit rmmental funds wherest expense is a. The net efficiency of the second state of the second	<pre>ure. Interest hen it is due. recognized as fect of these lated items is 2022 \$ - - enses such as red by amounts rependitures for esources used. sed versus the expenditures. penefits earned 2022 \$ 130,858</pre>	- (17,480)	-

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION-PENSION TRUST FUND [TEPPP] As of June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Pension I	rust Fund
	2023	2022
ASSETS Investments at fair value Receivables-contributions Receivables-participants	\$ 2,264,247 _ 	\$ 2,425,591 35,753 -
TOTAL ASSETS	2,264,247	2,461,344
LIABILITIES	01,000	10,000
Accounts payable and other	21,203	19,203
Total liabilities	21,203	19,203
NET POSITION AVAILABLE FOR PENSION BENEFITS Held in trust for pension benefits [TEPPP]	\$ 2,243,044	\$ 2,442,141

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION-PENSION TRUST FUND [TEPPP] Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Pension Trust Fund			
	2023	2022		
ADDITIONS				
Investment income:				
Interest and dividends earned	\$ 5,745	\$ 108		
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(95,443)	(216,073)		
Total investment (loss)	(89,698)	(215,965)		
Less: Investment management and other fees	(6,764)	(5,076)		
Net investment (loss)	(96,462)	(221,041)		
Employer contribution	197,256	108,834		
Total additions	100,794	(112,207)		
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension benefit payments	291,591	274,862		
Professional fees	8,300	8,300		
Total deductions	299,891	283,162		
NET CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(199,097)	(395,369)		
NET POSITION AVAILABLE FOR PENSION BENEFITS				
Beginning of year	2,442,141	2,837,510		
End of year	\$ 2,243,044	\$ 2,442,141		

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Elsmere, Delaware [the "Town"] have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units, hereafter referred to as U.S. GAAP. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board [the "GASB"] is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing the governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Town of Elsmere is a municipal corporation governed by a seven-member governing body consisting of the Mayor who is elected at large and six district council representatives. In evaluating the Town as a reporting entity, management has addressed all potential component units for which the Town may or may not be financially accountable and, as such, be includable within the Town's financial statements. According to the GASB, the Town is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing board and [1] it can impose its will on the organization or [2] there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefit to or impose specific financial burden on the Town. Additionally, the statement requires the Town to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship are such that exclusion would cause the Town's [reporting entity] financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Town does not have a component unit meeting the above criteria.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements consist of two statements: the statement of net position and the statement of activities. As a general rule, the effects of interfund balances have been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues [governmental activities] from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges for services [business-type activities]. The Town's governmental activities include general government, public safety [police], code enforcement, public works [streets and sanitation], parks and recreation, and other general administrative support services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operating or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other revenues not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are presented for the governmental funds and the fiduciary fund, even though the fiduciary fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the financial statements of the fiduciary fund. Revenues are recorded when earned, or, for property tax revenues, in the fiscal year for which they are levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial* resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the fiscal year. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the respective period.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims which are recognized when payment is due.

Charges for services, property taxes, grants and similar items, and interest associated with the period are considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when received.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund types:

- The **general fund** is the Town's primary operating fund. The fund accounts for all the financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted in the special revenue fund.
- The **special revenue fund** accounts for resources and payments of activities derived from earmarked revenue sources. When such needs arise, separate self-balancing funds are established to account for each restricted special revenue source. The special revenue fund consists of grant award funds.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund type:

• The **fiduciary fund** [*pension fund*] accounts for assets held in trust for pension benefits of the Town's single employer defined-benefit plan, commonly referred to as the Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP].

Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses or expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, the actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Accounting

Town Council in establishing budgetary data, reflected in the Required Supplementary Information [RSI] section of the financial statements, follows these procedures:

- In accordance with the Town Charter, prior to May 15, the Town Manager submits to Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the upcoming year, along with estimates for the current year. The Town Charter requires that the budget be submitted in summary form. In addition, more detailed line-item budgets are included for administrative control. The Charter further requires that the budget approved by Council be balanced.
- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comment.
- Prior to June 30, and after the public hearings, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The Director of Finance is required by the Town Code to present a monthly report to Town Council explaining any variances from the approved budget.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund.
- The budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to local governments.

The budget for special revenue funds is approved on a program-by-program basis by the funding agencies and not by Town Council.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, a method under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Encumbrances at the year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but serve as authorization for expenditures in the subsequent period. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, encumbrances outstanding are \$0 and \$-, respectively.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior year basic financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the current year presentation.

Cash and Equivalents

Demand deposits and highly liquid unrestricted investments with an initial maturity of three months or less are considered cash and equivalents.

Receivable-Property Taxes

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the property taxes receivable is reflected net of an estimated uncollectible allowance of \$2,010 and \$2,010, respectively. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is based upon historical data established according to experience and other factors which in the judgment of the Town's officials deserves recognition in estimating future possible losses. Management believes it has adequately provided for such losses.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivable or interfund payable" [current portion] or "advances from/to other funds" [noncurrent portion].

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by an assigned fund balance account in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that the advances are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The Town has no such activity for the years presented.

Prepayments and Other Assets

Payments made to vendors for goods and services that will benefit periods beyond the current period are recorded as prepayments and other assets using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the period in which the goods and services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is classified as nonspendable, as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets consist of real property, furniture, equipment, and infrastructure assets completed after June 30, 2003 [such as roads, sidewalks, traffic signals, streetlights, and similar items], and are reported in the applicable governmental activity column of the government-wide financial statements. The Town defines capital assets as assets having an initial, individual cost of \$2,500 or more and with an estimated useful life more than one year. Such capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value as of the date of the donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of a capital asset or materially extends its life is not capitalized. The major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred during the construction phase of capital assets for the governmental-type activities is not included as part of the capitalized value of the capital assets constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Category	Years
Buildings and improvements Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Furniture and office equipment	10 to 50 5 to 50 5 to 10 3 to 10
Infrastructure assets	20 to 50

Intergovernmental Receivables

At June 30, due from other governments represents revenue earned but not received by the Town, and consists of the following:

Grantor		2023	2022		
U.S. Department of Justice Delaware Office of Highway Safety	\$	6,300 -	\$	6,300 780	
Total intergovernmental receivables	\$	6,300	\$	7,080	

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources [expense/expenditure] until that period. The Town has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is deferred contributions and changes in proportion related to pension activity. The amount is reported in the statement of net position as deferred and changes in proportion are amortized between five and eleven years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources [revenue] until that time. The Town has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category; that item is the deferred investment earnings related to pension activity. This item is reported only in the statement of net position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues represent funding received in advance which will be recognized in future periods when the revenue recognition criteria are met.

Refundable Advances

The Town records as refundable advances grant awards which are accounted for as exchange transactions. Refundable advances are not recognized as revenue until the services are performed or the goods are purchased.

Compensated Absences Policies

Employees can accumulate a number of vacation and personal days. The Town accrues a liability for compensated absences that meets the following criteria:

- The obligation relating to an employee's right to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to services already rendered.
- The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- The payment of the compensation is probable.
- The amount can be reasonably estimated.

In accordance with the above criteria, the Town has accrued a liability for vacation and personal pay which has been earned but not taken by Town's employees. For governmental funds, the liability for compensated absences is reflected only if the liability will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, when present, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts and related issuance costs in the current period.

Net Position and Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three separate categories: net position invested in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The net position invested in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of the related debt and does not include unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by outside parties [creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments] and may include certain unspent grant awards. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

- Non-spendable fund balance-Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. The classification includes prepayments and other assets, inventory, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.
- **Restricted fund balance**-Constraints placed on the use of these amounts are either externally imposed by the creditors [debt covenants], grantors, contributors, or other governments; or are imposed by the law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed fund balance-**Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action [resolution or ordinance] by the Town's highest level of decision-making authority: Town Council.
- Assigned fund balance-Amounts constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by Town Council, or by an official to whom that authority has been given. Exception for the general fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for governmental funds with positive balances.
- Unassigned fund balance-This is the residual classification of the general fund. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative fund balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes within the Town limits are 87.5 cents per \$100 of assessed valuation plus \$447.95 per unit and the commercial rate is \$1.20 per \$100 of assessed valuation plus \$447.95 per unit for both years presented, levied by Town Council. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. Delinquent property taxes are liened by the Town. The schedule of property taxes levied is as follows:

July 1 - Levy Date July 1 - September 30 - Face Payment Period October 1 - 6% Interest Period, 1% for each subsequent month October 1 - Lien Date

NOTE 3 - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

The Town's policy is to invest deposits under its control principally in money market accounts with financial institutions. The deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed:

- Category 1-Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Town or by its agent in the Town's name.
- Category 2-Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.
- Category 3-Uncollateralized and uninsured deposits.

Δ+	June	30	the	deposits	categorized	hv	level	of	custodial	risk	are	ag	follows:
AL	0 une	50,	CITE	ueposits	Calegorized	DY	TEVET	OL	Cuscoular	TTOV	are	as	TOTTOMP.

	20)23	20	22
Category	Book	Bank	Book	Bank
1	\$ 1,000,001	\$ 1,000,001	\$ 1,000,001	\$ 1,000,001
2	2,657,418	2,791,736	3,612,474	3,656,678
3	1,500		1,500	
Total deposits	\$ 3,658,919	\$ 3,791,737	\$ 4,613,975	\$ 4,656,679

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, these deposits are held in certain financial institutions whose deposits are insured with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation [FDIC]. Deposits totaling \$3,791,737 and \$4,656,679 held by the financial institutions are in excess of FDIC insurance limits in the amount of \$2,791,736 and \$3,656,678, respectively. Deposits in excess of FDIC are collateralized with U.S. Government securities held by the financial institution in the Town's name. Category 3 amounts are subject to custodial risk. Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution or other failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE

The investment policy of the Town is monitored by the Town's Pension Committee. The Committee consists of seven Board-appointed members and seeks to achieve the following investment objectives:

- Realize a real return of 8.00% per year over long periods; and
- Manage portfolio risk to limit the downside price fluctuation of the total System portfolio; and
- Realize as high a rate of total return as possible consistent with the above.

While not governed by mandated target asset allocations, investment decisions are shaped by the Board's internal investment guidelines which provide for a minimum of 20% of the total assets of the System to be invested in fixed income investments, such as bonds and cash equivalents. The Investment Committee continuously reviews expected rates of return and risk levels for all marketable asset classes and seeks to construct portfolios consistent with the System's return objectives and risk management guidelines. The Investment Committee strives for appropriate investment diversification by allocating funds across a variety of asset classes and by selecting managers whose demonstrated performance and reflect different management styles and asset class expertise. The performance of all investment managers is closely monitored, not only in relation to specific absolute objectives, but also in relation to other fund managers following the same or similar investment objectives. All investment guidelines are monitored with the assistance of the Town Finance Director.

At June 30, the fiduciary fund [pension trust] investments are reflected at fair value and are categorized to give an indication as to the level of risk:

vel 1	F 1 0		
	Level 2	Lev	el 3
146,560	\$ –	\$	-
-	2,117,687		-
146,560	\$ 2,117,687	\$	-
213,059	\$ –	\$	-
-	2,212,532		-
213,059	\$ 2,212,532	\$	-
	146,560 - 146,560 213,059 - 213,059	146,560 \$ - 2,117,687 146,560 \$ 2,117,687 213,059 \$ - - 2,212,532	146,560 \$ - \$ - 2,117,687 \$ 146,560 \$ 2,117,687 \$ 213,059 \$ - \$ - 2,212,532 \$

The fair value measurement accounting literature establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels defined below:

- Level 1- Inputs consist of unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and have the highest priority. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of adjustment.
- Level 2- Inputs consist of quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3- Inputs are unobservable and have the lowest priority.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following tables summarize the annual changes in capital assets:

	Beginning			Ending
Asset Category	Balances	Additions	Deletions	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 430,251	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 430,251
Construction in progress:				
Streets and sidewalks	-	744,677	-	744,677
Fotal capital assets, not being depreciated	430,251	744,677	-	1,174,928
Capital assets, bring depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	2,009,356	425,848	-	2,435,204
Furniture and office equipment	874,920	7,690	-	882,610
Vehicles and equipment	1,205,967	55,166	-	1,261,133
Streets and sidewalks	1,854,441	-	-	1,854,441
Trees, trails and landscape	1,175,007	80,340	-	1,255,347
Total being depreciated	7,119,691	569,044	-	7,688,735
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	1,080,878	74,536	-	1,155,414
Furniture and office equipment	820,803	5,483	-	826,286
Vehicles and equipment	921,958	84,209	-	1,006,167
Streets and sidewalks	971,872	123,110	-	1,094,982
Trees, trails and landscape	770,057	112,871	-	882,928
Total accumulated depreciation	4,565,568	400,209	_	4,965,777
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,554,123	168,835		2,722,958
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$2,984,374	\$ 913,512	\$ -	\$3,897,886

	As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022						
	Beginning			Ending			
Asset Category	Balances	Additions	Deletions	Balances			
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not depreciated:							
Land	\$ 430,251	\$ -	\$ –	\$ 430,251			
Construction in progress:							
Streets and sidewalks	-	-	-	-			
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	430,251	-	-	430,251			
Capital assets, bring depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	1,977,721	31,635	-	2,009,356			
Furniture and office equipment	869,823	5,097	-	874,920			
Vehicles and equipment	1,205,967	-	-	1,205,967			
Streets and sidewalks	1,854,441	-	-	1,854,441			
Trees, trails and landscape	1,175,007	-	-	1,175,007			
Total being depreciated	7,082,959	36,732	-	7,119,691			
Less accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	1,012,325	68,553	-	1,080,878			
Furniture and office equipment	775,683	45,120	-	820,803			
Vehicles and equipment	836,273	85,685	-	921,958			
Streets and sidewalks	848,762	123,110	-	971,872			
Trees, trails and landscape	657,810	112,247	-	770,057			
Total accumulated depreciation	4,130,853	434,715		4,565,568			
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,952,106	(397,983)		2,554,123			
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$3,382,357	\$ (397,983)	\$ –	\$2,984,374			

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The following table summarizes the annual changes in general obligation debt:

	As of and Year Ended June 30, 2023						
				Ending Balances			
	Beginning			Long-term	Due Within		
Description	Balances	Additions	Deletions	Portion	One Year		
Compensated absences	\$ 100,588	\$ 17,480	\$ -	\$ 118,068	\$ -		

Compensated absences liability for governmental activities is generally liquidated with general fund resources.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The following tables summarize the financial information regarding the Town's two defined-benefit pension plans:

At June	30, 2023								
	Net Pension								
	Liability/	Deferred Resources							
Plan	(Asset)	Outflows		Inflows					
Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP] County & Municipal Police and Firefighters'	\$ 1,974,660	\$	108,834	\$	(278,255)				
Pension Plan proportionate share [CMPFPP]	(48,888)		159,110		(59,519)				
Totals	\$ 1,925,772	\$	267,944	\$	(337,774)				
At June 30, 2022									
	Net Pension		Deferred Resources						
Plan	Liability	C	utflows		Inflows				

Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP] \$ 1,095,376 \$ 62,537 \$ 366,548 County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' (629,840) Pension Plan proportionate share [CMPFPP]

Totals

Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP]

\$ 465,536

93,178

\$ 155,715 \$

460,232

826,780

The following are disclosures required in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans:

General Information About the Plan

Plan Administration: The "Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan" [TEPPP] established June 27, 1966 is a single-employer defined-benefit pension plan that provides pension benefits for all officers vested prior to June 30, 2011. All non-vested police officers in the plan at June 30, 2011 were moved to the State retirement plan [CMPFPP] and officers hired after that date shall not be eligible to participate. The TEPPP is managed by the Town's Pension Committee.

The Plan was originally funded by a combination of employer and participant contributions. Currently, the Plan is being funded with employer contributions only, since participants are inactive and receiving benefits.

Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP] (continued)

General Information About the Plan (continued)

Plan Membership: At January 1, the pension plan membership consisted as follows:

Participant Count	2023	2022
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries:		
Currently receiving benefits	7	7
Entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-	-
Active plan members		
Total plan members or beneficiaries	7	7

Benefits Provided: TEPPP provides retirement and death benefits.

Normal Retirement:

- Date: The first day of the month coincident with or following completion of 20 years of service, but [1] in the case of a participant who has 10 or more years of service as of September 1, 2003, not later than the participant's 62nd birthday; or [2] in the case of any other participant, not earlier than participant's 50th birthday nor later than participant's 62nd birthday.
- *Benefit:* 50% of final pay multiplied by a fraction, not greater than one, the numerator of which equals the year of service completed at the participant's normal retirement date and the denominator of which is 20.

Early Retirement:

- Date: The first day of the month coincident with or following completion of 18 years of service.
- Benefit: 50% of final pay at termination of employment multiplied by a fraction, no to exceed one, the numerator of which equals the year of service completed at termination of employment and the denominator of which is 20.

Vesting:

• All plan members are fully vested.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefits:

- *Eligibility:* Upon the death of an active participant who had 10 or more years of service as of September 1, 2003, the beneficiary shall be entitled to benefits equal to those payable as if the date of death was the normal retirement date but based on final pay as of the date of death.
- Benefit: Upon the death of any other active participant whose vested percentage applicable to the participant's accrued benefit derived from employer contributions is greater than 0%, the beneficiary shall be entitled to benefits equal to 50% of those payable as if the date of death was the normal retirement date but based on final pay as of the date of death. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, the total amount of benefits payable from the Plan with respect to a member in the event of the death of such member, regardless of marital status or length of service at date of death, will not be less than the amount standing to the credit of the member in the participant's Mandatory Contribution Account as of the earlier of [a] date of such member's death or [b] date benefit payments originally commenced.

Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP] (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

Investments

Investment Policy: TEPPP's adopted asset allocation policy as of January 1, follows:

	Target Allo	cation	
Asset Class	2023	2022	
Domestic Equity	31.00%	31.00%	
International Equity	14.00%	14.00%	
Domestic Fixed Income	22.00%	22.00%	
International Fixed Income	1.00%	1.00%	
Alternative investments	25.00%	25.00%	
Cash and equivalents	7.00%	7.00%	
Totals	100.00%	100.00%	

Concentrations: The Plan did not hold investments in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position.

Rate of Return: For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of plan investment expense is (16.36)% and 21.97%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

Net Pension Liability of the Town

At June 30, the components of the net pension liability consist of the following:

Description	2023	2022
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 4,213,680 2,239,020	\$ 3,980,295 2,884,919
Town's net pension liability	\$ 1,974,660	\$ 1,095,376
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	53.14%	72.48%

Actuarial assumptions: Total pension liability on the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023 and 2022 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Percentages				
Description	Description 2023				
Inflation	Not applicable	Not applicable			
Projected salary increases	Not applicable	Not applicable			
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of expenses	8.00%, net of expenses			
Cost-of-living adjustments	Increase benefits by 2.85%	Increase benefits by 2.85%			

Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP] (continued)

Net Pension Liability of the Town [continued]

Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table [sex distinct rates].

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return [expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation] are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by an asset allocation percentage, which is based on the nature and mix of current and expected Plan investments, and by adding the expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's current and expected asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	2023	2022
Domestic equity	5.50%	5.50%
International equity	6.50%	6.50%
Domestic fixed income	2.50%	2.50%
International fixed income	3.50%	3.50%
Alternative investments	7.50%	7.50%
Cash and equivalents	1.00%	1.00%

Discount rate: The discount rate the Plan used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00% for both periods presented. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the Town will be made at rates actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Town's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Plan	1% Decrease 7.00%	Current Discount Rate 8.00%	1% Increase 9.00%
Police Officers of the Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP]: Fiscal year 2023	\$ 2,431,603	\$ 1,974,660	\$ 1,589,013
Fiscal year 2022	\$ 1,537,298	\$ 1,095,376	\$ 723,749

Town of Elsmere Police Pension Plan [TEPPP] (continued)

Additional Disclosures Required Under GASB Statement No. 68

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Town reported a net pension liability of \$1,974,660 and \$1,095,376, respectively. The net pension liability was measured at January 1, 2023 and 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of those dates. The Town's net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term contributions to the pension plan, actuarially determined.

As a result of the Town's requirement to contribute to the TEPPP, the Town recognized pension expense/(benefit) of \$389,378 and \$(267,141) for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources as a result of its requirement to contribute to TEPPP:

Deferred Resources							
	202		2022				
0	Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Elows
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-	1	92,188		-	8	37,180
	-	(4)	70,442)		-	2'	79,368
	108,834		-		62,537		-
\$	108,834	\$ (2	78,255)	\$	62,537	\$ 30	56,548
	\$	Outflows \$ - - 108,834	2023 Outflows Ini \$ - \$ - 19 - (4 108,834	2023 Outflows Inflows \$ - \$ - - 192,188 - (470,442) 108,834 -	2023 Outflows Inflows Ou \$ - \$ - \$ - 192,188 - (470,442) 108,834 -	2023 20 Outflows Inflows Outflows \$ - \$ - \$ - - 192,188 - - (470,442) - 108,834 - 62,537	2023 2022 Outflows Inflows Outflows Inflows \$ - \$ - \$ - 192,188 - \$ - (470,442) - 2' 108,834 - 62,537 -

\$108,834 and \$62,537 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the pension activity resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Any other amounts, when presented, reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Years Ending June 30	Amount
	2024	\$ (82,372)
	2025	(26,001)
	2026	(72,575)
	2027	(118,055)
	2028	20,750
Totals		\$ (278,255)

County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan [CMPFPP]

The Town's second defined-benefit pension plan is part of the "County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan" [CMPFPP] which is a cost sharing multipleemployer defined-benefit pension plan established in the Delaware Code. The State of Delaware General Assembly is responsible for setting benefits and contributions and amending the plan provisions; administrative rules and regulations are adopted and maintained by the Board of Pension Trustees [the Board]. Plan management is the responsibility of the Board, which is comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate, plus two ex-officio members. The daily operation is the responsibility of the Delaware Office of Pensions. Although most of the assets of the Plan are commingled with other plans for investment purposes, the Plan's assets may be used only for the Plan.

The following is a brief description of the Plan in effect at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For more complete Plan description, refer to the Delaware Public Employee's Retirement System [DPERS] Annual Comprehensive Financial report [CAFR].

Separately issued financial statements for DPERS are available from Delaware Office of Pensions at: McArdle Building, Suite 1; 860 Silver Lake Boulevard; Dover, Delaware, 19904.

General Information About the Plan

Plan Description and Eligibility: The Plan covers police officers and firefighters employed by a county or a municipality of the State of Delaware that have joined the Plan, such as the Town of Elsmere.

Service Benefits: 2.50% of final average monthly compensation multiplied by years of credited service up to 20 years, plus 3.50% of final average monthly compensation multiplied by years of service in excess of 20 years. For the Plan, final average monthly compensation is the monthly average of the highest three consecutive years of compensation (excluding overtime and special pay).

Vesting: Five years of credited service.

Retirement: Age 62 with 5 years of service; age plus credited service [but not less than 10 years] equals 75; or 20 years of credited service.

Disability Benefits:

- Duty-Total Disability: 75% of final average compensation plus 10% for each dependent not to exceed 25% for all dependents.
- **Duty-Partial Disability:** Calculated the same as Service Benefits, subject to minimum 50% of final average compensation.
- Non-Duty: Same as Service Benefits, total disability subject to a minimum 50% of final average monthly compensation plus 5% for each dependent not to exceed 20% for all dependents. Partial disability to a minimum of 30% of final average monthly compensation.

Survivor Benefits: If employee is receiving a pension, then eligible survivor receives 75% of pension; if employee is active, eligible survivor receives 75% of the pension employee would have received at age 62. If member is killed in the line of duty, eligible survivor receives 75% of member's compensation.

County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan [CMPFPP] (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Town reported a pension liability/(asset) of (48,888) and (629,840) for its proportionate share of net pension liability/(asset). The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the total pension liability/(asset) used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation at those dates. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total projected contributions of the State and all the participating counties and municipalities within the State of Delaware, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Town's proportion was 0.4650% and 0.4577%, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0073% and (0.0516%) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

As a result of its requirement to contribute to DPERS, the Town recognized pension expense/(benefit) of (130,974) and (217,842) for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources as a result of its requirement to contribute to DPERS:

	Deferred Resources								
		2023				202	22	2	
Description	0	utflows	s Inflows		Outflows		I	nflows	
Differences between expected									
and actual experience	\$	38,855	\$	2,442	\$	23,614	\$	8,523	
Changes of assumptions		(791)		22,443		5,020		32,589	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension									
plan investments		64,502		(90,078)		(5,390)	4	413,045	
Contributions subsequent to									
measurement date		55,744		-		68,321		-	
Change in proportion and differences between Town contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions		800		5,674		1,613		6,075	
Totals	\$	159,110	\$	(59,519)	\$	93,178	\$4	460,232	

\$55,744 and \$68,321 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the pension resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the years ending June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Amount
2024	\$ (19,505)
2025	(15,200)
2026	(27,605)
2027	(125,534)
2028	(3,562)
2029 and thereafter	28,521
Totals	\$ (162,885)

County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan [CMPFPP] (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability/(asset) for the June 30, 2022 and 2021 measurement dates were determined by the actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability/(asset) to June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	Percentages				
Description	2022	2021			
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%			
Projected salary increases	2.50% plus merit, including inflation	2.50% plus merit, including inflation			
Investment rate of return/discount rate Cost-of-living adjustments	7.00%, net of expenses 0.00%	7.00%, net of expenses 0.00%			

The total pension liabilities are measured based on assumptions pertaining to the interest rates, inflation rates, and employee demographic behavior in the future years. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates the larger the impact on future financial statements.

Mortality assumptions are based on the RP-2014 tables with gender adjustments for healthy annuitants and disabled retirees and an adjusted version on MP-2015 mortality improvement scale on a fully generational basis.

Projected benefit payments do not include the effects of projected ad hoc cost of living adjustments [ad hoc COLAs] as they are not substantively automatic. The primary considerations relevant to making this determination include the historical pattern of granting the changes and the consistency in the amounts of the changes.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return [expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation] are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by an asset allocation percentage, which is based on the nature and mix of current and expected Plan investments, and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plan's current and expected asset allocation are summarized as follows:

	Long-Term E Real Rate o:	-	Asset Allo	cations
Asset Class	2022	2021	2022	2021
Domestic equity	5.70%	5.70%	31.80%	32.30%
International equity	5.70%	5.70%	15.00%	18.10%
Fixed income	2.00%	2.00%	23.60%	20.60%
Alternative investments	7.80%	7.80%	21.50%	24.20%
Cash and equivalents	0.00%	0.00%	8.10%	4.80%

County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan [CMPFPP] (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Discount rate: The discount rate for the Plan used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at rates determined by the Board of Pension Trustees, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
Plan	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
Police Officers of the Town of Elsmere's County & Municipal Police and Firefighters' Pension Plan [CMPFPP]:			
Fiscal year 2023 (discount rate 7.0%)	\$ 325,277	\$ (48,888)	\$ (353,757)
Fiscal year 2022 (discount rate 7.0%)	\$ (290,775)	\$ (629,840)	\$ (906,504)

NOTE 8 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLANS

The Town also sponsors the following two defined-contribution pension plans:

Elsmere Police Secondary Pension Plan [EPSPP]

On May 1, 2012, the Town established the "Elsmere Police Secondary Pension Plan" [EPSPP] to be administered by The Hartford or its successor MassMutual Financial Group for the Town's police officers. The Plan is a tax-qualified single employer retirement arrangement pursuant to ERISA Section 408(b)(2). This plan is intended to provide benefits to the Town's police officers who did not qualify for the Town's defined-benefit pension plans. The Town's contributions are based on 7.50% of covered payroll. The Town contributed a total of \$16,403 and \$16,309 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, on behalf of the Town's police officers participating in the retirement plan.

Town of Elsmere Employee Retirement Plan [TEERP]

On September 1, 2011, the Town established a salary deferral-only plan known as the "Town of Elsmere Employee Retirement Plan" [TEERP] to be administered by the Elsmere Police Pension Committee for the Town's employees other than police officers. The Plan is a tax-qualified single employer retirement arrangement pursuant to ERISA Section 457(b). This plan is intended to provide benefits for Town employees other than police officers. The Town does not make or match contributions to the plan.

NOTE 9 - LEASING ARRANGEMENT AS LESSOR

The town adopted GASB Statement No. 87 during the 2022 fiscal year. The adoption of the statement did not result in a change to the net position and there were no impaired leased assets at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

When a contract contains a lease or a lease contains a non-cancellable term in excess of 12 months (including any options to extend or terminate the lease when exercise in reasonably certain), the town records a lease receivable and a deferred revenue which is calculated based on the value of discounted future lease payments over the term of the lease. Whenever the interest rate implicit in the lease is not explicit, the town may apply the guidance for imputation of interest as a means of determining the interest rate.

At June 30, 2023, the town is the lessor for a non-cancellable leasing arrangement for a 6,000 square foot library located at 11 Poplar Avenue, Elsmere, Delaware to New Castle County. In addition to the monthly rental, the lessee must pay all costs associated with the operation of the library. The lease is for a three-year term commencing July 1, 2021. As a result, a lease receivable in the amount of \$53,075 and a related deferred revenue of \$53,075 has been reflected in the statement of net position.

The following table summarizes the outstanding lease data at June 30. 2023:

		N	e	<u>!</u>			
Years Ended June 30,	P	rinpal	In	terest		Total	
2024		53,075		4,331		57,406	
Total minimum future rental income	\$	53,075	\$	4,331	\$	57,406	

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, there are outstanding various commitments and contingent liabilities in addition to the normal encumbrances for the purchase of goods and services. The Town does not anticipate losses as a result of these transactions.

Government Grant/Award Programs

The Town participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant awards. These awards are subject to compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Town's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The expenditures not already disclosed, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial to the financial statements.

The Town received a total of \$2,915,973 in funding under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA). The unexpended funds are reported as refundable advances on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds at June 30, 2023 and 2022 in the amount of \$1,551,432 and \$2,586,903, respectively.

Litigation

In the normal course of business, the Town may become involved in litigation; any losses from such litigation are generally covered by insurance. At June 30, 2023, management is not aware of any material threatened or pending litigation with which the Town's solicitor anticipates could result in significant financial liability to the Town.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Leasing Arrangements

The town has leasing arrangements for certain office equipment. These arrangements are usually for periods of three or more years and are generally not significant to the basic financial statements.

The Town also leases certain land parcels located within the Town's jurisdiction from Delaware Department of Transportation [DELDOT]. The lease entered on April 7, 1975 on a gratis basis was for the use of a parking lot and for the storage of certain materials. The lease was for a ten-year term, with the option to renew for successive ten-year terms, provided the Town gives DELDOT notice in writing at least ninety days prior to the expiration of the current lease.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town purchases commercial insurance policies in response to risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of nature. The premium payments for the insurance policies is recorded as expenditures and/or expenses of the Town, and insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 12 - GASB STATEMENT IMPLEMENTATION

In May of 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. Implementation is required for periods beginning after December 15, 2021, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objectives of the Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with [1] commitments extended by issuers, [2] arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and [3] related note disclosures. The Statement achieves the objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures.

In January of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. Implementation for requirements related to Statement 87 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. Implementation for requirements related to Statements 73, 74, and 84 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The primary objective of the Statement is to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. Implementation of the Statement had no significant impact on the financial statements.

In March of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. Implementation is required for periods ending after December 31, 2021, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objective of the Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Implementation of the Statement had no significant impact on the financial statements.

In March of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. Implementation is required for periods ending after June 15, 2022, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objective of the Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter into PPPs and APAs and by enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about PPPs and APAs. Implementation of the Statement had no significant impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 12 - GASB STATEMENT IMPLEMENTATION (continued)

In March of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Implementation is required for periods ending after June 15, 2022, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objective of the Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by [1] establishing uniform accounting and financial reporting requirements for SBITAS; [2] improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that have entered into SBITAs; and [3] enhancing the understandability, reliability, relevance, and consistency of information about SBITAs. Implementation of the Statement had no significant impact on the financial statements.

In June of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans. Implementation is required for periods ending after June 15, 2021, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objectives of the Statement are to [1] increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; [2] mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit [OPEB] plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans [other employee benefit plans] as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and [3] enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code [IRC] Section 457 deferred compensation plans [Section 457 plans] that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Implementation of the Statement had no significant impact on the financial statements.

In October 2021, The GASB issued Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Implementation is required for periods ending after December 31, 2021, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objective of the Statement is to replace the term comprehensive annual financial report with annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR). Implementation of the Statement had no significant impact on the financial statements

NOTE 13 - PENDING GASB STATEMENTS

The Town has not completed the various analyses required to estimate the future impact of the following new pronouncements on its financial statements. Generally, the Town does not early implement GASB statements and pronouncements.

In June 2022, The GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. Implementation is required for periods ending after June 15, 2024, with earlier application encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability

In June 2022, The GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Implementation is required for periods ending after December 15, 2024, with earlier application encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the informational needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

In December 2023, The GASB issued Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures. Implementation is required for periods ending after June 15, 2024, with earlier application encouraged. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not often provided. The disclosures will provide users with timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. As a result, users will have better information with which to understand and anticipate certain risks to a government's financial condition.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditor's report, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued. Management has determined that no additional disclosures or adjustments are necessary to the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information [RSI] Section

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	1 Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$2,484,207	\$2,484,207	\$2,481,121	\$ (3,086)
Property transfer taxes	350,000	350,000	310,161	(39,839) 1
Cable franchise taxes	100,000	100,000	84,202	(15,798) 2
Licenses and permits	372,100	372,100	356,096	(16,004)
Intergovernmental revenues	60,000	60,000	1,069,038	1,009,038 3
Police fines and court fees	326,500	326,500	160,924	(165,576) 4
Charges for services-extra duty	-	-	6,695	6,695 5
Interest and rents	58,405	58,405	77,360	18,955 6
Miscellaneous revenues	450,170	450,170	299,456	(150,714) 7
Total revenues	4,201,382	4,201,382	4,845,053	643,671
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
Administration	440,093	440,093	514,064	(73,971) 8
Finance office	317,977	317,977	317,057	920
Council	16,602	16,602	12,497	4,105 9
Legal services and other costs	29,000	29,000	77,545	(48,545) 10
Public safety-police/VAC	1,783,486	1,783,486	1,489,912	293,574 11
Public safety-extra duty	12,750	12,750	6,240	6,510 12
Code enforcement	272,828	272,828	277,568	(4,740)
Public works-streets	358,960	358,960	426,038	(67,078) 13
Public works-sanitation	693,564	693,564	693,064	500
Parks and recreation	110,235	110,235	124,044	(13,809) 14
Long-term planning:				
Salary enhancements	-	-	-	-
Pension contribution	35,753	35,753	35,753	-
Capital outlay	130,134	130,134	1,076,649	(946,515) 15
Total expenditures	4,201,382	4,201,382	5,050,431	(849,049)
EXCESS (DEFICIT)				
REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	_	-	(205,378)	(205,378)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Refund of prior years expenditures Operating transfers (out)/in	-	-	(1 920)	(1,820)
1 5 1 1			(1,820)	(1,020)
Total other financing			(1.000)	(1.000)
sources (uses)			(1,820)	(1,820)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(207,198)	(207,198)
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			1,512,444	1,512,444
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,305,246	\$ 1,305,246

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUALGENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2023

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town annually adopts a budget for the general fund. The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. The Town's budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budget as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each year.

Budget Variances in Excess of 10% of budget

- 1. Property transfer tax revenue variance is due to the difference between the budgeted anticipated revenue and actual.
- 2. Cable franchise tax revenue variance is likely due to increased use of streaming services and cancellation of cable TV subscriptions.
- 3. Intergovernmental revenues variance is primarily due to federal pandemic relief funding received which was not budgeted.
- 4. Charges for the police extra duty service revenue, and the related costs, are variable year to year and dependent on demand for such services and the Town's Public Safety department's availability to provide the services. The Town does not budget for extra duty services.
- 5. Charges for the police extra duty service revenue and related costs are variable from year to year.
- 6. Miscellaneous revenues vary from year to year and are generally difficult to budget given the nature of unpredictability of such revenue source. The excess in this category is due to the interest earned from investing in governmental sweep accounts.
- 7. Miscellaneous income shortfall was due to the VAC not meeting its budget.
- 8. The over expending in this line is due to an unexpected salary and health care cost payout from an employee related issue.
- 9. Surplus in the Council expense line item is due to Election expenses being under expended.
- 10. Expenditure in this category exceeded the budget due to legal issues pertaining to sheriff sales and an unforeseen employee issue.

- 11. Public Safety-police include budgeted drive up by the inclusion of the VAC budget. Public 2023 budget was \$1,540,291 less 12,750 for public safety extra duty and includes VAC \$255,945 expenses associated with the VAC department.
- 12. Public Safety extra duty Charges for the police extra duty service revenue and related costs are variable from year to year.
- 13. Public Work Street The increase in expenses was due to repaying Jefferson Street.
- 14. Parks and Recreation were increase in expenditures due to additional landscaping work throughout the Town.
- 15. Capital Outlays overage include nonbudget ARPA expenditures and 2021 Jefferson Street program expenses.

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

OF THE TOWN OF ELSMERE POLICE PENSION PLAN [TEPPP] As of and Years Ended June 30,

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY									
Service cost	\$ –	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	307,202	308,716	305,660	306,884	310,810	308,339	311,811	315,389	246,720
Changes in benefits terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between						(4.0.4.0.0)	(
expected and actual experience	206,727	(50,755)	2,655	(57,229)	(97,542)	(18,129)	(99,057)	(104,821)	-
Benefit payments	(280,544)	(273,238)	(266,984)	(262,935)	(261,743)	(256,910) 33,300	(255,399)	(255,186)	(253,164)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability:	233,385	(15,277)	41,331	(13,280)	(48,475)	33,300	(42,645)	(44,618)	(6,444)
Beginning of period	3,980,295	3,995,572	3,954,241	3,967,521	4,015,996	3,982,696	4,025,341	4,069,959	4,076,403
Ending of period	\$ 4,213,680	\$ 3,980,295	\$ 3,995,572	\$ 3,954,241	\$ 3,967,521	\$ 4,015,996	\$ 3,982,696	\$ 4,025,341	\$ 4,069,959
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION									
Contributions-employer	\$ 108,834	\$ 62,537	\$ 35,753	\$ 35,753	\$ 66,017	\$ 30,274	\$ 108,259	\$ 94,804	\$ 94,685
Net investment income	(461,125)	545,419	452,811	238,583	(4,470)	256,848	107,179	(35,269)	193,963
Benefits paid to beneficiaries	(280,544)	(273,238)	(266,984)	(262,935)	(261,743)	(256,910)	(255,399)	(255,186)	(253,164)
Administrative expenses	(13,064)	(13,178)	(1,697)	(57,127)	-	-	(16,424)	(1,053)	-
Other expenses									
Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position:	(645,899)	321,540	219,883	(45,726)	(200,196)	30,212	(56,385)	(196,704)	35,484
Beginning of period	2,884,919	2,563,379	2,343,496	2,389,222	2,589,418	2,559,206	2,615,591	2,812,295	2,776,811
Ending of period	\$ 2,239,020	\$ 2,884,919	\$ 2,563,379	\$ 2,343,496	\$ 2,389,222	\$ 2,589,418	\$ 2,559,206	\$ 2,615,591	\$ 2,812,295
TOWN PENSION LIABILITY	\$(1,974,660)	\$(1,095,376)	\$(1,432,193)	\$(1,610,745)	\$(1,578,299)	\$(1,426,578)	\$(1,423,490)	\$(1,409,750)	\$(1,257,664)
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	53.14%	72.48%	64.16%	59.27%	60.22%	64.48%	64.26%	64.98%	69.10%
COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A					
TOWN PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE TOWN OF ELSMERE POLICE PENSION PLAN [TEPPP] Years Ended June 30,

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017		2016	 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 230,699	\$ 127,972	\$ 167,322	\$ 188,182	\$ 184,392	\$ 166,667	\$ 166,306	\$	164,700	\$ 146,932
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution	 108,834	 62,537	 35,753	 35,753	 66,017	 30,274	 108,259		94,804	 94,685
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 121,865	\$ 65,435	\$ 131,569	\$ 152,429	\$ 118,375	\$ 136,393	\$ 58,047	\$	69,896	\$ 52,247
Covered-employee payroll	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	\$ N/A						
Contributions as percentage of covered-employee payroll	 N/A	_	N/A	 N/A						

NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1 of each year, six months prior to the end of the year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal Method
Amortization Method:	Over the minimum and maximum periods allowed by law
Asset Valuation Method:	Market value of plan assets on valuation date as reported by Trustee, plus any receivable contribution
Salary Increases:	Does not apply-Frozen Plan
Investment Rate of Return:	8.00% per year, net of expenses
Retirement Age:	Age 50 or Normal Retirement Date, if later.
Mortality:	The 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table [sex distinct rates].
Death Benefit:	Calculated as noted in mortality category and assuming 100% of plan participants have spouses.
Cost-of-Living Adjustments:	Assumed 2.85% increase per year. Participants not yet vested at 09/01/03, amount limited to 2.00%.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY & MUNICIPAL POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN [CMPFPP] As of and Years Ended June 30,

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Town's proportion of net pension liability (asset)	0.4650%	0.4577%	0.5093%	0.5410%	0.4988%	0.4955%	0.6072%	0.6000%	0.5686%
Town's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (48,888)	\$ (629,840)	\$ 78,268	\$ 155,398	\$ 114,869	\$ 49,950	\$ 96,518	\$ (31,621)	\$ (61,512)
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 498,887	\$ 433,950	\$ 464,356	\$ 478,627	\$ 439,820	\$ 367,476	\$ 442,396	\$ 422,056	\$ 387,484
Town's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-9.80%	-145.14%	16.86%	32.47%	26.12%	13.59%	21.82%	-7.49%	-15.87%
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	101.95%	128.19%	96.67%	93.25%	94.10%	97.00%	94.70%	101.97%	104.47%

Note to Schedule:

The amounts presented above are determined at June 30 of the preceding year.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

OF THE COUNTY & MUNICIPAL POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN [CMPFPP]

Years Ended June 30,

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 55,744	\$ 68,321	\$ 73,638	\$ 74,093	\$ 79,775	\$ 56,511	\$ 52,480	\$ 61,268	\$ 61,789
Contributions in relation to contractually required contribution	 55,744	 68,321	 74,093	 79,775	 56,511	 52,480	 61,268	 61,789	 61,789
Annual contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455	\$ 5,682	\$ (23,264)	\$ (4,031)	\$ 8,788	\$ 521	\$ -
Town covered-employee payroll	\$ 498,887	\$ 483,961	\$ 433,950	\$ 464,356	\$ 478,267	\$ 439,820	\$ 367,476	\$ 442,396	\$ 422,056
Contributions as percentage of covered-employee payroll	 11.17%	 14.12%	 17.07%	 17.18%	 11.82%	 11.93%	 16.67%	 13.97%	 14.64%

Supplementary Information Section

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-SPECIAL REVENUE FUND As of June 30, 2023 With Comparative Totals for 2022

				State Funding			Tota	ls
	Federal	Municipal			Suburban		[Memorandu	um Only]
	Funding	Street Aid	SALLE	EIDE	Street Aid	Other	2023	2022
ASSETS								
ASSETS								
Cash and equivalents	41,938	\$ 229,773	\$3,744	\$6,040	\$ -	\$ 24,828	\$ 306,323	\$ 313,685
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments	6,300	-	-	-	-	-	6,300	7,080
Interfund receivable (payable)	(32,324)		(928)	1,250		475,151	443,149	154,881
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 15,914	\$ 229,773	\$ 2,816	\$7,290	\$ -	\$ 499,979	\$ 755,772	\$ 475,646
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other	\$ -	\$ –	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ - 15,914	\$ -	\$ - 2,816	\$ - 7,290	\$ - -	\$ – 499,979	\$ - 525,999	\$ - 284,187
Accounts payable and other	4	\$ - - -	1	•	\$ - - -	•	•	+
Accounts payable and other Refundable advances	15,914		2,816	7,290		499,979	525,999	284,187
Accounts payable and other Refundable advances Total liabilities	15,914		2,816	7,290		499,979	525,999	284,187
Accounts payable and other Refundable advances Total liabilities FUND BALANCES	15,914 15,914		2,816	7,290	- <u>-</u>	499,979 499,979	525,999	284,187
Accounts payable and other Refundable advances Total liabilities FUND BALANCES Restricted-specific programs	15,914 15,914	\$ 229,773	2,816 2,816 \$ -	7,290	- <u>-</u>	499,979 499,979	525,999	284,187
Accounts payable and other Refundable advances Total liabilities FUND BALANCES Restricted-specific programs Unassigned	15,914 15,914 \$ - -	\$ 229,773	2,816 2,816 \$ - -	7,290 7,290 \$ - -	 \$	499,979 499,979 \$ - -	525,999 525,999 \$ 229,773 -	284,187 284,187 \$ 191,459 -

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023 With Comparative Totals for 2022

				State Funding			Tot	als
	Federal	Municipal			Suburban		[Memorand	
	Funding	Street Aid	SALLE	EIDE	Street Aid	Other	2023	2022
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Federal	\$ 105,801	\$ -	\$ –	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105,801	\$ 40,917
State	-	115,422	5,375	2,470	21,270	222,700	367,237	209,600
Interest revenue		14					14	1
Total revenues	105,801	115,436	5,375	2,470	21,270	222,700	473,052	250,518
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety-police	105,801	-	5,995	3,070	-	223,300	338,166	135,529
Public works-streets	-	77,122	-	-	21,270	-	98,392	83,933
Capital outlay:								
Public safety-police	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39
Public works-streets								_
Total expenditures	105,801	77,122	5,995	3,070	21,270	223,300	436,558	219,501
EXCESS REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		38,314	(620)	(600)	_	(600)	36,494	31,017
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating transfers in (out)	-	-	620	600	-	600	1,820	1,925
Total other financing								
sources (uses)			620	600		600	1,820	1,925
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	38,314	-	-	-	-	38,314	32,942
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning of year	_	191,459	_				191,459	158,517
End of year	\$ -	\$ 229,773	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 229,773	\$ 191,459

Reports Required by the Uniform Guidance



Building Extraordinary Relationships

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and Town Council Town of Elsmere Elsmere, Delaware

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Elsmere (the "Town and Primary government as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying [include the title of the schedule in which the findings are reported (e.g., schedule of findings and responses or schedule of findings and questioned costs)], we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-01 to be a material weakness. Mayor and Town Council Town of Elsmere

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting (Continued)

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs)] as items 2023-02 and 2023-03 to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards

The Town's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town's response to the findings identified in our engagement and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs) The Town's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Mayor and members of Town Council, others within the Town, the Office of the Governor, the Office of Controller General, Office of Attorney General, Office of Management and Budget, Secretary of Finance, Office of Auditor of Accounts, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a public record, and its distribution is not limited.

Whisman Giordano & Associates, LLC

Newark, Delaware September 12, 2024



Building Extraordinary Relationships

Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Mayor and Town Council Town of Elsmere Elsmere, Delaware

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Town of Elsmere, Delaware's compliance with types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Town of Elsmere, Delaware's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. Town of Elsmere, Delaware's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Town of Elsmere, Delaware complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Town of Elsmere, Delaware and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for its major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Town of Elsmere, Delaware's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Town of Elsmere, Delaware's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Town of Elsmere, Delaware's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Town of Elsmere, Delaware's compliance with the requirements of its major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Town of Elsmere, Delaware's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Town of Elsmere, Delaware's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Elsmere, Delaware's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, it is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Elsmere, Delaware, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Elsmere, Delaware's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2024, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

Whisman Giordano & Associates, LLC

Newark, Delaware September 12, 2024

STATEMENTS OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/		
Pass-Through Grantor	Federal	Federal
Project Title	ALN	Expenditures
	11114	Inpendiculeb
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
Passed through the State of Delaware Criminal Justice Council:		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	6,300
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		\$ 6,300
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
Passed through the State of Delaware Office of Highway Safety:		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	6,995
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	1,637
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2,001
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		\$ 10,633
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY		
Passed through State of Delaware,		
Office of the State Treasurer:		
Equitable Sharing	21.016	46,085
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLFRF), SLFRF	21.019	\$ 1,035,471
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY		\$ 1,081,556
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY		
Passed through the Delaware Emergency Management Agency (DEMA):		40 500
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	42,783
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY		\$ 42,783
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$ 1,141,272

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards [the "Schedule"] includes the federal award activity of Town of Elsmere, Delaware under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards [Uniform Guidance]. Because the Schedule represents only a selected portion of the operation of Town of Elsmere, Delaware, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net assets, or cash flows of Town of Elsmere, Delaware.

STATEMENTS OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES Year Ended June 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on this Schedule are reflected on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Town of Elsmere, Delaware has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued [unmodified, modified, adverse, or disclaimer].	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: -Material weakness(es) identified? -Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		no none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes x r	no
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs: -Material weakness(es) identified? -Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		no none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs [unmodified, modified, adverse, or disclaimer].	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	yes x r	no
Identification of major programs:		
ALN Name of Federal Program or C	luster	
21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A		
and type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes x	no

SECTION II - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2023-001 Post Audit Entries to General Ledger

During the 2023 audit, we noted that the Town's management posted the prior year's adjusting journal entries to their general ledger, however, the Edmunds system did not capture the entries properly. Failure to post the prior year's adjusting entries will cause the Town's opening balance to be different than the audited balances. In addition, this will cause extra time and complications in the subsequent year's audit.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Town's management continue to post all adjusting entries in the future and ensure that the opening balances for the new audit year agree with the ending audit balances of the prior audit year.

Town's Management Response

Although the adjusting journal entries have and will continue to be posted prior to future audits, the Town's staff will produce reports from the Town's Financial Reporting System to ensure the internal reports match the audit reports.

2023-002 Property and Equipment Schedules

During the 2023 audit, procedures regarding the property and equipment revealed that the Town did not update the schedule of capital assets.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Town's management maintain and update on a regular basis the property and equipment schedules.

Town's Management Response

The Town's staff will track all existing and new property and equipment within Edmunds on a quarterly basis.

2023-003 Reconcile the Due From/To Account Balances Between The Funds

During the 2023 audit, we noted that the Town's management does not reconcile the due from/to account balances between the funds. Failure to reconcile the due from/to account balances may result in incorrect recording of transactions between the funds.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Town's management reconcile the due from/to account balances on a monthly basis to ensure transactions are recorded properly between the funds.

Town's Management Response

Although entries were made within the appropriate fund(s), without utilizing the appropriate sub-ledger account(s), the interfund will not balance. The Town's staff will reconcile the interfund monthly to ensure no further discrepancies exist.

TOWN OF ELSMERE, DELAWARE SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2023

SECTION III - CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None reported or outstanding.

SECTION II - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

Prior management letter findings have been moved to current year findings.

SECTION III - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS-MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None reported or outstanding.